

APPLIED SCIENCES

PART - I

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY

1. The nature of Science, Divisions of Science, and Scientific method.
2. The Measurement – Metric System, scientific notation, units of mass, length and volume.
3. Mechanics – Force, equation of motion, laws of motion.
4. Gravity – speed, velocity and acceleration, center of gravity, weight and mass.
5. Work, Power, Energy.
6. Simple machines – principles of machines, friction, levers.
7. Density, Specific gravity, Archimedes' Principle.
8. Pressure – Definition, pressure in hydrostatic fluids, pressure in flowing liquids.
9. Gas Laws – Boyle's and Charles laws, gas laws applicable to respiratory process, effects of changes in atmospheric pressure on physiology of the human body.
10. Heat – nature and measurement, effects of heat, methods of transfer.
11. Light – Transmission, reflection and refraction of light, lenses.
12. Sound – How it is produced, characteristic, transmission, reflection of sound, echoes, ultrasound.
13. Electricity – Atomic structure, free electrons, conductor and insulators, Definition of current, P.D., Resistance, Resistance laws, Ohm's law, circuit, series circuit, parallel circuit, Power and energy.
14. Magnets and Magnetism – Properties, magnetic field, magnetic lines of force, electromagnet, magnetic effect of electric current, Motor and generator effect of current, magnetic and electric induction, Transformer.
15. Charge – Coulomb's law, capacitor and capacitance, capacitor in series and in parallel.
16. A.C. Definition, RMS value, Peak value Sine wave.
17. Electromagnetic Radiation – Spectrum, ionization, excitation, Inverse Square law, frequency, wave length, terms and their definitions.
18. Composition of Substance – Atoms and molecules, symbols, formulae, Elements and compounds, chemical formula.
19. Chemical Reactions and Equations.
20. Water – physical and chemical properties, Deliquescent, efflorescent, hygroscopic substances, solvent properties, Hydrolysis, Water cycle, impurities, hard and soft water.
21. Solutions – Terms, Solubility, Concentrations, dilutions, properties of solution.
22. Acid, Bases, and salts.
23. pH Scale and buffer system.
24. Electrolytes and electrolysis.
25. Amines and amides
26. Proteins – compositions, properties of amino acids, classifications.
27. Carbohydrates
28. Lipids

Practical Chemistry

1. How fitting up a wash bottle is prepared?
2. To pacify the given sample of impose naphthalene crystallization.
3. To pacify the given sample of naphthalene by sublimation.
4. To determine the melting & boiling point of organic compound.
5. To prepare the standard solution of acid or Base.
6. To prepare a standard solution of exotic acid and with its help standardize a solution of NaoH.
7. To prepare approximates N/10 solution of H₂SO₄ determine its exact normality by titrating it against standard N/10 NaoH?
8. To standardize a given solution by direct method.
9. To standardize a given solution by indirect method.

Practical Physics

- a. To find the unknown force.
- b. To find the center of gravity of an irregular shape.
- c. To verify the law of reflection.
- d. To find the path of light passing through a prism.
- e. To find the focal point of a lens.
- f. Determine the critical angle of glass using a glass prism.
- g. Determine the focal length of convex lens.
- h. To find the reflective index of a liquid using a concave mirror.
- i. Determine the speed of sound at a room temperature.